CLOSED SHELF

The People's Korea

No. 425 APRIL 15, 1969 (1951年8月22日第三種郵便物認可) ★ Price 15 yen (5 cents)

We Extend Warmest Congratulations and Greatest Honour to Marshal KIM IL SUNG, Great Leader

On His 57th Birthday

Ever-Victorious Are Korean People under Wise Leadership of Marshal KIM IL SUNG, Great Leader

EDITORIAL

Today, 600,000 Korean residents in Japan together with all the people in the North and South greet the 57th birthday of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people with boundless national honour and pride.

On this happy day, Korean residents here are filled with unbounded respect and adoration for Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great sun of our nation, and are burning with fervent fidelity to him.

We reverentially extend the warmest congratulations and highest honour to Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, who has always led the Korean people to victory and glory and offered all sorts of paternal care to Koreans here, and wish him a long life and good health from the bottom of our hearts.

We cannot think of today's national prosperity and boundless happiness of the Korean people and of the worthy life of Koreans here and their hopes for the morrow, apart from the wise leadership and warm care of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, has devoted himself to the struggle for over 40 years from the time when he started a revolutionary struggle in his boyhood until now, only for the freedom and happiness of the people, for the victory of the socialist and communist cause in our country and for the victory of the international communist and working-class movements.

Marshal Kim Il Sung was born in a poor thatched house in Mangyungdai, Pyongyang, on April 15, 1912, as the eldest son of Mr. Kim Hyung Jik and Mrs. Kang Ban Suk, anti-Japanese revolutionary fighters.

Marshal Kim Il Sung was born into a patriotic and revolutionary family which had fought for the independence of the country and the freedom of the people for generations from his great-grandfather down to his grandfather and grandmother, father and mother, uncle and brothers, and grandfather-in-law (his mother's father) and uncle-in-law (his mother's brother).

Marshal Kim Il Sung who was educated in patriotism by his parents from his boyhood, crossed the Amrok River in 1925 at the age of 14 with his firm confidence in the restoration of the fatherland and already started a revolutionary struggle in 1926 at the age of 15.

The Leader directly formed many revolutionary organizations such as "the Anti-Imperialist Youth League", and "the Korean Communist Youth League," and rallied broad sections of boys and youths around the bodies.

Immediately after he was released from Kirin Prison in the spring of 1930, Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, put forth the line of anti-imperialist, anti-feudal democratic revolution, the line of armed struggle, the line of united front and the line of founding a Korean Communist Party, and made preparations for armed struggles and organized the Korean Revolutionary Army while more vigorously waging revolutionary activities in the vast rural areas of Manchuria.

Thus, creatively applying Marxism-Leninism to the reality of Korea already in the period of revolutionary activities in his early years, Marshal Kim Il Sung successfully solved the historic task of building up theories for leading the revolution of our country and accumulated much experience in the course of organizing and leading the revolutionary struggles in person.

Since Marshal Kim Il Sung started the revolutionary activities in his boyhood, the Korean people have looked up to him as the rescuer of the fatherland, as the lodestar of liberation and as the sun of the nation.

He organized on April 25, 1932, the Anti-Japanese Guerrillas with Communists, progressive workers, peasants and youths, with the members of the Korean Revolutionary Army trained directly by him as its core, and led the struggle to victory by his correct strategy and tactics and by his outstanding commanding art.

The Anti-Japanese Guerrillas were the genuine armed force of the working class armed with the ideas of *Juche* of Marshal Kim Il Sung and waged heroic struggles against Japanese imperialism for 15 odd years, displaying the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance to liberate the fatherland and build a socialist and communist society on the soil of the fatherland to be liberated.

In this manner, Marshal Kim Il Sung promoted the defeat of Japanese imperialism and accomplished the cause of restoring the fatherland.

The glorious revolutionary traditions, which will shine for ages in the long history of the fatherland, were established in the flames of the heroic anti-Japanese armed struggle organized and waged under the personal leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung.

Marshal Kim Il Sung who returned home from his victorious battles amid the vehement ovation of the entire Korean people, led their struggle for construction of a new fatherland to brilliant victory.

Marshal Kim Il Sung founded the Workers' Party of Korea, the general staff of the revolution, on the basis of organizational and ideological preparations for the founding of a Party made by him in the period of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, the Korean People's Army with the anti-Japanese fighters as its core and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the glorious fatherland, according to the general will of the people in the North and South.

Following the original line of establishing a democratic base put forward by the Leader, the Korean people successfully carried out the anti-imperialist, anti-feudal democratic revolution and firmly strengthened the revolutionary base in the northern half of the Republic.

As the revolutionary base was built in such a short span of time, the Korean people were able to emerge victorious from the hard-fought war ignited by the U.S. imperialist aggressors.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the ever-victorious iron-willed commander and brilliant military strategist, defeated the U.S. imperialist aggressors and led the Korean People's Army and the Korean people to victory by his brilliant commanding art and strategy and tactics.

Marshal Kim Il Sung said as follows:

"By winning a great victory in the Fatherland Liberation War, our people humbled the pride of the U.S. imperialists who had boasted of being the 'strongest' in the world, burst the myth about their 'mightiness' to smithereens and started the U.S. imperialists on the downgrade."

In the debris after the ceasefire, he presented the general line of laying a socialist groundwork and the line of giving priority to heavy industry and of simultaneously developing light industry and agriculture, which any country or any one could neither try nor think of, and powerfully encouraged the entire people to post-war rehabilitation and reconstruction.

Following the successful implementation of the Three-Year Plan for Rehabilitation and Development of the People's Economy, he mapped out the Five-Year Plan and completed the socialist reorganization of production relations, thereby establishing the socialist system by which exploitation and oppression were done away with once and for all.

Personally standing in the van of the Chullima march, he encouraged the people to the high peak of socialism.

Marshal Kim Il Sung has led the Korean people to a greater victory in the period of the Seven-Year Plan by creatively solving many new problems raised after the

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Marshal KIM IL SUNG, the Great Leader of the 40 Million Korean People

Marshal KIM IL SUNG Has Made

On April 15, the day of national congratulations for the 57th birthday of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, the entire Korean people are filled with unbounded adoration of and fidelity to him, regarding it as their honour to live in happiness under his wise leadership. Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the Korean people and the sun of the nation, waged 15-odd-year bloody struggles against the Japanese imperialists for the freedom and independence of the fatherland and established shining revolutionary traditions in the flames of these struggles.

The glorious revolutionary traditions set up by the Leader were splendidly inherited and developed after the Liberation in the northern half of the country.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, who returned from his victories to the liberated fatherland amid a hurricane of applause, guided the Korean people along a victorious path in building a new fatherland.

Thanks to the wise leadership and deep insight of the great Leader, the struggles of the Korean people to construct a new fatherland were carried out successfully, although the situation immediately after the Liberation of the country was very complicated and the people were at a loss where to begin.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, founded on Oct. 10, 1945 the Workers' Party of Korea historically deep-rooted in the brilliant revolutionary traditions of the anti-Japanese armed struggle even in the complicated circumstances after the Liberation, and founded the people's government and the heroic Korean People's Army, the genuine revolutionary army of the Korean people.

In accordance with the original line indicated by the Leader of building a powerful democratic base, democratic reforms were enforced successfully. Thus, the tasks of the anti-imperialist, anti-feudal democratic revolution were victoriously fulfilled and a firm revolutionary base was set up in the northern half of the Republic.

Land reform which was carried out on Mar. 5, 1946 following the correct line of Marshal Kim Il Sung and his personal leadership, was completed with success in so short a time of only 20 days, to liquidate the feudalistic relations of land ownership.

Following the land reform, major industries were also nationalized thoroughly in the northern half of the country.

On the basis of the great socio-economic changes in the northern half of the country, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea was founded on Sept. 9, 1948 as a result of a general election held in the North and South amidst a nation-wide struggle against the colonial enslavement policy of the U.S. imperialists and their stooges and their manoeuvres to split the nation.

The arduous three-year Fatherland Liberation War was a life-and-death struggle, a struggle to decide whether the fatherland could defend its freedom and independence or would again be ruined, the severest trial for the Korean people.

However, the Korean people under the leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, was able to achieve a shining victory in the war by heroically fighting the enemy without slightest vacillation, firmly rallying around the Leader.

The respected and beloved Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung illumines the brilliant future of socialist and communist construction, while always leading the Korean people to victory and glory.

The battle for liberating Taijon waged by the Korean People's Army under the personal directions of the Leader added a most brilliant page to the war history of the world. In the battle, the fighters of the KPA encircled and annihilated the 24th Infantry Division of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army, advertised as a "crack division," and took its commander Dean prisoner.

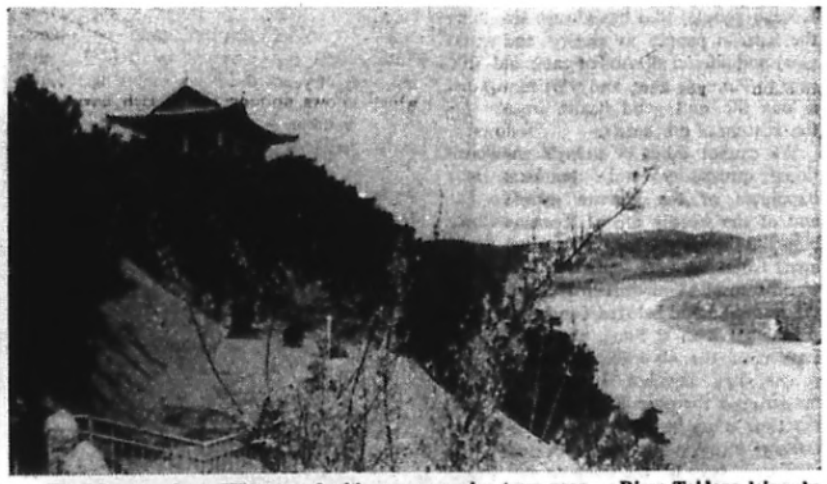
The historic triumph of the Korean people in the great Fatherland Liberation War was a victory of the genius military strategy of Marshal Kim Il Sung, ever-victorious iron-willed commander, and a victory of his great ideas of *Juche* and his ideas of anti-imperialism.

By winning a victory in the Fatherland Liberation War, the Korean people defeated for the first time the U.S. imperialists who had a century-old history of bloody aggression, destroyed the myth about their "mightiness" to smithereens, sent them downhill and helped the flames of anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggles to rise higher in all parts of the world.

The situation in the country was very hard after the war and the Korean people were confronted with bitter trials.

The whole country was reduced to ashes, people's economy destroyed completely and the living of the people was harder, owing to the war.

In these circumstances, Marshal Kim Il Sung set forth the great line of giving priority to the growth of heavy industry and of simultaneously developing light industry and agriculture. Firmly adhering to this line, the Korean people were able to build a solid independent national economy in a short span of time in the northern half of the country.



The Mangyungbong Hill covered with evergreen pine trees near River Taidong leisurely flowing as witness to the long history of Korea, is a historic site of revolution where Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, enjoyed his hopeful childhood.

Following the victorious road indicated by the great Leader, the people of the DPRK successfully carried out the postwar Three-Year Plan for Rehabilitation and Development of the People's Economy started in 1954.

The damage done by the war, from which, the enemy said, the DPRK would never recover for at least 100 years, was repaired, industrial and agricultural production far exceeding the prewar levels in less than

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socialist system was established.

He created and spread across the country the Chungsan-*ri* method, the Daian Work System and a new system of agricultural guidance, the work system and work method suited for the new, changed conditions and circumstances.

He elucidated the line of developing national economy and national defence build-up in parallel in conformity with the requirements of the prevailing external and internal situations and development of the Korean revolution.

Owing to the military line worked out by him, the Korean People's Army was made a cadre army and modernized; the entire people were put under arms and the whole country was fortified. As a result, today our country has been turned into an impregnable fortress which is able to crush any aggressors at a stroke.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, has converted our country which was a backward colonial semi-feudal society into an advanced socialist power with a powerful independent national economy, a brilliant national culture and steel-like defence capabilities and opened up an era of great national prosperity and development.

Under his wise leadership, this year the main heights of the Seven-Year Plan will be scaled and then our socialist industrial-agricultural country will be changed into an advanced socialist industrial one.

All the victories and successes attained in the northern half of the Republic are the results of the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, and shining fruition of his great ideas of *Juche*.

While firmly consolidating the revolutionary base in the northern half of the Republic, Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, has devoted himself to the liberation of South Korea for the purpose of unifying the divided country and building socialism and communism, a people's paradise throughout the country.

He made clear the basic line and present tasks of the South Korean revolution, and the means of accomplishing them on the basis of the scientific analysis and assessment of the South Korean situation, its socio-economic conditions, the prospect of its development, the requirement of the Korean revolution as a whole and so forth.

He not only expounded the basic line of the South Korean revolution, but also mapped out correct strategic and tactical lines in each period in accordance with the development of the South Korean revolution and showed a clear-cut road of struggle before the South Korean people.

Marshal Kim Il Sung correctly worked out outstanding strategic and tactical lines for national unification and led the people in the struggle for their realization.

Concerning the basic line of national reintegration, Marshal Kim Il Sung taught us as follows:

"The basic line of national unification maintained all along by the Government of our Republic is to unify the North and South by the Korean people themselves independently on democratic principles without any interference of outside forces following the withdrawal of all foreign troops from South Korea.'

Therefore, looking up to Marshal Kim Il Sung as the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people and the sun of the nation, the South Korean people are vigorously waging the anti-U.S., national salvation struggles in every form of struggle including armed struggle to bring near the glorious day when they will lead a happy life in the bosom of a unified fatherland.

Marshal Kim Il Sung is today one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements and all his political activities exert a powerful influence upon the world.

The Leader has made great contributions to the development of Marxism-Leninism, and that of the international communist movement and the world revolu-

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DPRK into Socialist Paradise on Earth

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three to four years.

Following the Three-Year Plan, Marshal Kim Il Sung worked out the Five-Year Plan (1957-1961) and put forward the line of completing socialist reorganization of production relations.

By creatively applying the universal principles of Marxism-Leninism to the specific conditions of the country, Marshal Kim Il Sung made clear an original line of enforcing the socialist transformation of production relations prior to technical reorganization, stressing the need to promote agricultural co-operativization first even before the country was sufficiently industrialized.

Thanks to the wise guidance of the Leader, agricultural co-operativization and the socialist transformation of handicrafts and capitalist trades and industries in urban areas were successfully completed in only four to five years after the war.

In the period of the Five-Year Plan, the great Chullima march started in the midst of the grand upsurge of the revolutionary enthusiasm of the masses; the tasks of building the foundations of socialism were carried out splendidly and the problems of food, clothing and housing for the people were solved in the main.

After the June Plenum of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea in 1958, over 1,000 local industrial factories were set up in three to four months and afforestation and water conservancy carried out on a mass scale, with 370,000 *jungbo* of paddy and non-paddy fields irrigated in six months after the September Plenum in the same year.

Expanding the Machine-Tool-Begets-Machine-Tool Movement set forth by the Leader in 1959, the Korean working class turned out 13,000 machine-tools outside the state plan in only one year.

Advancing ceaselessly in a Chullima tempo, they added a new page to the world history of industry by raising their industial production 44 per cent in 1957 as against 1956.

Marshal Kim Il Sung said as follows:

"As a result of the successful fulfilment of the Five-Year Plan, the historical task of building the foundations of socialism was triumphantly carried out in the northern half of our country, which now turned into a socialist industrial-agricultural country with the solid basis of an independent national economy."

In the period of the Seven-Year Plan, Marshal Kim Il Sung has led the Korean people to a greater victory while solving creatively a lot of new problems presented after the establishment of the socialist system.

The Chungsan-*ri* spirit and Chungsan-*ri* method and the Daian Work System which were originally created by the great Leader, demonstrated their great vitality, ensuring the rapid progress of the productive forces.

In spite of the several-fold expansion of the scale of the economy compared with the past, the economy of the country has developed at an unprecedentedly rapid speed since the enforcement of the Seven-Year Plan.

The industrial production, which was planned to grow at an ambitious rate of 12.8 per cent in 1967 as against the previous year, actually attained a higher growth rate of 17 per cent.

In 1967, industrial production of the DPRK was 22 times greater than in 1948.

In 1967, the output value of the machine-building industry was 100 times greater than in 1948; its share in the total output industrial rose from 7.4 per cent in 1948 to 31.4 per cent in 1967.

Today the machine-building industry meets 98.1 per cent of all the domestic demand for equipment.

The agricultural management has also made rapider developments in comparison with other socialist countries.

Along the way illumined in the **"Theses on the Socialist Agrarian Question in Our Country"** authored by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the state has directed a large-scale assistance to agricultural management; the ideological, cultural and technical revolutions have vigorously been pressed ahead with; and the material basis of socialism has been further consolidated.

Thus, the agriculture of the DPRK has entered the stage of full-scale mechanization and chemicalization, and it successfully resisted the greatest floods and droughts in scores of years and is a socialist agriculture which knows nothing except rich harvests.

Tremendous successes have been scored in the fields of education and culture.

Today some 2.69 million pupils and students accounting for a quarter of the population are given free education.

Especially as the nine-year universal compulsory technical education was introduced, the Korean people are in a position to rear the rising generation into versatile and reliable successors to the Korean revolution.

The material and cultural life of the Korean people has steadily been improved.

In 1967 national income per head of the population was nine times greater than in 1946 and 4.4 times as against 1949.

The defence power of the DPRK has sharply been boosted thanks to the line of developing economic construction and defence build-up in parallel.

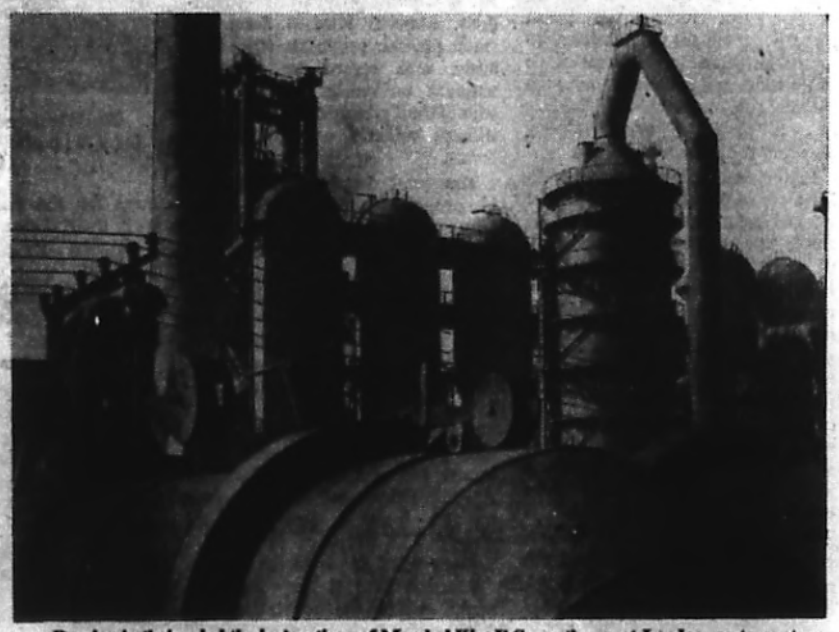
As a successful implementation of the self-defensive military line by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the Korean People's Army has been turned into a cadre army with modern weapons, into a revolutionary army each of whose men is a match for 100 foes; all the people have been put under arms and the whole country has been fortified. Now the Korean people are possessed of a powerful all-people defence system which is backed up with the firm political and ideological unity of all the people whilch is based on the unitary ideological system of the WPK and with the solid self-supporting national economy.

Today, the working people throughout the country are displaying to the full their surging spirit to triumphantly scale the main heights of the Seven-Year Plan this year.

According to the Seven-Year Plan, the DPRK is to be converted from a socialist industrial-agricultural state into a developed socialist industrial state with the strong independent national economy, brilliant national culture and impregnable defence power.

Many of the world peoples are highly admiring the prospering and developing DPRK under the outstanding leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, as a "Chullima Korea," "fatherland of *Juche*" and "paragon of socialism."

Only victory and glory, happiness and prosperity are in store for the Korean people who march forward under the leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people and an outstanding Leader of the international communist movement and working-class movement.



Bearing in their mind the instructions of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, as to capturing the steel height envisaged in the Seven-Year Plan without fail, the steel makers are forging ahead vigorously along the road of innovation with fervent ardour and militant mettle to fly the flag of victory on the steel height of the Seven-Year Plan.

Fighting men of the Korean People's Army, a cadre army, each of whose men is a match for 100 foes, engaged in combat training

The socialist civilized countryside good to work and live in. Photo: Part of the Chullima Chungsan Co-operative Farm

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tionary movement, Marshal Kim Il Sung is enjoying the deep trust of the peoples of various countries of the world.

Today, all the revolutionary people of the world who love justice and fight for revolution, express their boundless respect for and repose their trust in Marshal Kim Il Sung, looking up to him as "the most outstanding and greatest revolutionary fighter in Asia, Africa and Latin America and in the world," "the symbol of victory in the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle" and "the greatest leader our time has ever produced."

The Korean people who have Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, are the happiest and the most glorious in the world.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, has always blazed the road ahead of Korean residents in Japan and led them to glory and victory.

By organizing and waging the anti-Japanese armed struggle in the 1930's, he shed a ray of hope for freedom and liberation for Koreans here and gave them infinite courage, and after the Liberation founded the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and made the Koreans here who had languished as a ruined people in the past overseas citizens of a full-fledged independent state.

In this way, the status of Koreans here has been radically changed.

Marshal Kim Il Sung said as follows:

"...Today, as proud overseas citizens of their beloved fatherland, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, they have boundless national confidence and pride, and see their happy future in the prosperity and development of the Republic."

Marshal Kim Il Sung made it possible for Koreans here to found CHONGRYUN (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan), an embodiment of his ideas of *Juche*, in May of 1955 and offered them every kind of solicitude including honourable state decorations.

Under the wise leadership and warm care of the Leader, Korean residents in Japan, bearing in mind the honour of inheriting the glorious revolutionary traditions, are enjoying a worthy life as proud overseas citizens of the DPRK.

Through their experience in their life, Korean residents here are firmly convinced that only the road indicated by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, leads to glory and victory.

Today, they regard it as the greatest honour and happiness to have Marshal Kim Il Sung as their Leader and make it their duty and immovable confidence to arm themselves with the revolutionary ideas of the Leader and to be singleheartedly loyal to him.

Korean residents here will, in future, too, thoroughly arm themselves with the great revolutionary ideas of Marshal Kim Il Sung and glorious revolutionary traditions established by him and make every effort to promote independent unification of the fatherland and defend their democratic, national rights.

Thoroughly embodying the revolutionary ideas of Marshal Kim Il Sung in the work of CHONGRYUN and scoring greater successes, they will add luster to their honour as inheritors of the revolutionary traditions, the honour given by him.

No force on earth can bar the vigorous advance of Koreans here who arm themselves with the revolutionary ideas of Marshal Kim Il Sung, and are fighting for the just cause, rallied rock-firm around the Leader.

Ever-victorious are the Korean people under the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist movement and working-class movement.

May the Leader live long for independent unification of the fatherland and the happiness and prosperity of the generations to come and for the complete victory of socialism!

Long live Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people!

S. Korean People Are Fighting for S. Korean Revolution And National Unification, Adoring Great Leader

Today, unanimously looking up to Marshal Kim Il Sung as the great Leader of the nation and the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, the South Korean people are expressing their boundless trust in and respect for, fervent adoration for and support to him.

In the course of their hard life and in the ordeals of their bitter struggles for a new life, they are always looking up to Marshal Kim Il Sung as the sun of the nation and the great Leader who illumines the road for them to follow and are drawing hope and confidence from him.

Boundlessly adoring Marshal Kim Il Sung, South Korean women are marching through streets of Seoul, carrying a big portrait of the Leader and the national flag of the DPRK (1950).

Marshal Kim Il Sung's wise leadership, brilliant insight and foresight and his love for the people and the nation are fully embodied in his plan on the South Korean revolution and the unification of the fatherland and in his guidance to the struggles for realization of the plan.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people never forgets the South Korean people for a moment who are subjected to immeasurable misfortunes and sufferings under the colonial rule of the U.S. imperialists and is always paying fatherly attention to their situation.

In the days of the arduous anti-Japanese armed struggle, the Leader worked out a great plan of liberating the fatherland from the oppression of the Japanese imperialists and building a socialist paradise on Korean soil. His greatest worry was to see the fatherland being forcibly divided by the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean working people forced to lead a colonial slavish life again. He has directed all sorts of solicitude to the brothers in the South so as to unify the fatherland as soon as possible and help them share happiness and freedom with the people in the North.

Marshal Kim Il Sung defined the revolution carried out by the South Korean people as an anti-imperialist, anti-feudal democratic revolution whose task is to settle the contradictions between the two opposing forces: one consisting of the U.S. imperialists and their allies, landlords, comprador capitalists and reactionary bureaucrats, and the other of workers, peasants, intellectuals, youths, students and people in other walks of life. He made clear on this basis that the basic task of the South Korean revolution is to remove the U.S. imperialist colonial rule, ensure a democratic development for the South Korean society and accomplish the unification of the country in concert with the socialist forces in the northern half of the DPRK.

Furthermore, since the first days of the occupation of South Korea by the U.S. imperialists following the defeat of the Japanese imperialists and in view of the undisguised nation-splitting policy by the scoundrels, Marshal Kim Il Sung has made realistic proposals again and again with regard to achieving national unification with the efforts of the Korean people themselves without reliance on any outside forces.

The great Leader has repeated his proposal to offer gratis to the South Korean people electricity, rice and various other kinds of daily necessaries, taking into account the fact that they are languishing, ill-clad and ill-fed, under the colonial rule of the U.S. imperialists.

He has repeatedly extended his compatriotic helping hand, offering to provide South Korean unemployed, war orphans and homeless children with proper jobs, decent life and school education. Each time the South Korean people suffered from a severe natural disaster, he proposed to dispatch urgency relief goods to the victims.

Marshal Kim Il Sung has correctly guided the revolution and construction in the northern half of the DPRK so that the strengthened revolutionary base there may be able to quickly rehabilitate the destroyed South Korean economy when the fatherland is unified.

Whenever a plant is built or an irrigation system is completed, he plans to use them for improvement of the living conditions of the South Korean people, not to speak of the people in the North.

For this reason, the South Korean people say in unison, "Premier Kim Il Sung's government is government for the people and accords with their demands."

A view of a U.S. imperialist army vehicle which was damaged by valiant South Korean armed guerrillas

Marshal Kim Il Sung's wise leadership and warm love are instilling new hope and indomitable strength into the hearts of the South Korean people.

A burning desire to live happily in the bosom of the Leader, is rising higher among the South Korean people who boundlessly adore the great Leader.

With all the ruthless oppression by the enemy, the South Korean revolutionaries and patriots are heroically fighting for the day of glory when they will be able to lead a happy life in a unified fatherland under the leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, arming themselves with his great revolutionary ideas and propagating the ideas among the masses of people.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people said:

"While further expanding their revolutionary organizations, the revolutionaries and patriotic people of South Korea are waging an unyielding struggle against the enemy in towns and villages, underground and in mountains, even in prisons and at 'courts.'"

Members of the South Korean United Revolutionary Party which was organized among progressive workers, peasants and people in other walks of life, with as its core the late Comrade Choi Yung Do, Kim Jong Tai and other revolutionaries, studied the "Selected Works of KIM IL SUNG" and other immortal works of the Leader and "Biography of Kim Il Sung," went deep into the masses of people and widely propagated the history of revolutionary struggles of the great Leader and his wise leadership and lofty virtues. They struggled to organize a broad anti-U.S., national salvation front, while making "preparations to take the initiative in armed struggle."

With their hearts burning with the desire to be loyal to the teachings of Marshal Kim Il Sung to the last moment of their life and with a deep awareness of the honour of being soldiers of the Leader, the South Korean revolutionaries are resolutely fighting against the enemy, encouraging each other in prison, in the face of indescribable horrible torture and ordeals.

Thus, they converted the enemy-set-up murderous "court" into a virtual scene of judgement on which they scathingly exposed and denounced the crimes committed by the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi clique.

A certain South Korean patriot waged a resolute struggle in a murderous court trial, declaring, "I swore that I would remain loyal to the Workers' Party of Korea and Comrade Kim Il Sung" and "This court is bound to be tried by history."

Following the revolutionary spirit and the fighting stamina of the undaunted anti-Japanese guerrilla fighters who struggled against the Japanese imperialist colonial rule, the South Korean revolutionaries and patriots, taking arms in hands, organized and waged armed guerrilla struggles in various parts of South Korea, greatly inspiring the South Korean people who are ruthlessly trampled under the jackboots of the U.S. imperialist aggressors, enkindling the flames of revolution in their hearts.

Some time ago when armed guerrillas appeared in a village, wiping out an enemy force and told the villagers that only when they all rose up and beat the U.S. imperialist aggressors and their stooges and established a people's power, they would be able to live happily in the bosom of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the sun of the nation they, weeping with emotion, shouted at the top of their voice together with the guerrillas, "Long live Marshal Kim Il Sung!" and sang the "Song of General Kim Il Sung."

The villagers who met with the armed guerrillas in a dramatic way discussed the measures of organizing a revolutionary party and willingly affixed their names to a petition, applying for admission to the guerrilla unit, saying, "We swear that we will fight to the last drop of blood in the glorious struggle for a new government, new society and new life." Youths and women set up a national salvation youth union and a revolutionary women's association, respectively.

Wherever armed guerrillas advanced, villagers volunteered to join them, pledging to be loyal to Marshal Kim Il Sung and devote themselves entirely to the struggle for national unification. In this fashion, the ranks of the South Korean revolutionary armed guerillas are growing as the days go by.

As the sunflower follows the sun, the fidelity of the South Korean revolutionaries and patriots who boundlessly respect and trust Marshal Kim Il Sung, is calling forth emotions in the hearts of South Korean workers who are compelled to work in hazardous places or harshly exploited, of the peasants who face starvation and in those of intellectuals, youths and students who love justice.

At every daybreak, some South Korean peasant renews his determination to fight on to smash the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi clique, looking to the north, filled with an ardent aspiration after national unification and longing for the benevolent bosom of Marshal Kim Il Sung.

He says to himself: "As long as the sun shines over this earth, all the creatures revive. I further strengthen my conviction that as long as we receive the guidance of Marshal Kim Il Sung, we can expect victory when we all rise up in the struggle for national unification."

Therefore, as the days go by, a voice "Rise up, rallied rock-firm around Marshal Kim Il Sung, upholding the banner of the North" is mounting as never before among the South Korean people.

The boundless adoration for and loyalty to the respected and beloved Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung and the burning desire to live in the warm bosom of the Leader—these form the inexhaustible source of indomitable fighting spirit, strength and encouragement to the South Korean people.

With an abiding faith that they should rather rise up and fight than sit idle and die, the South Korean revolutionaries and patriots are gallantly fighting, without fearing prison or the gallows, hurling the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi clique into utter discomfiture.

In a bid to shore up their tottering colonial rule and strengthen their policy of aggression and war, the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi clique are making desperate efforts to ruthlessly oppress the masses of people and step up the "anti-communist" rackets.

The frantic oppressive measures on the part of the enemies will further strengthen the fighting spirit of the South Korean people and revolutionaries who intend to explode the ammunition depot of the revolution.

Only victory and glory are in store for the South Korean people who are fighting for the day when they will be able to unify the fatherland and live happily under the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the the 40 million Korean people.

Burning Fidelity of Korean Citizens in Japan to Marshal KIM IL SUNG

On Apr. 15, the day of the national congratulations of the 57th birthday of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, 600,000 Korean citizens in Japan, including all the workers of CHONGRYUN (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan), together with the people of the homeland, wish him a long life, extending the most ardent congratulations and highest honour to Marshal Kim Il Sung, who has brought confidence in victory to Koreans here since he started his revolutionary activities and who, since the Liberation, has extended all sorts of paternal solicitude and warm love to Koreans here.

Raising the flames for the restoration of the fatherland on the Paikdoo peaks in the darkest days of the Japanese imperialist colonial rule, Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, brought a hope for national resuscitation and encouragement to Koreans in Japan too, who were forced to live a slavish life as a homeless people.

Koreans in Japan, who were brought here for military service or forced labour and were subjected to national discrimination and all sorts of humiliation, deprived of all rights and suffering from utter destitution, were encouraged at the news of the anti-Japanese armed struggle organized and waged by the Leader. They regarded Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, as the great Leader of the nation, the national hero, the salvation star for liberation and the lighthouse of hope, and had firm confidence in the restoration of the fatherland.

The anti-Japanese armed struggle under the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, peerless patriot and ever-victorious iron-willed commander, ended in a shining victory on Aug. 15, 1945, bringing genuine freedom and liberation to the Korean people.

On Sept. 9, 1948, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the glorious fatherland of the entire Korean people, was founded under the guidance of the Leader, shining like a rising sun on our country which had been under the Japanese imperialist colonial rule.

How fervently Korean citizens in Japan longed for a fatherland, living in a strange land in times of national sufferings!

The burning desire of Koreans here to have their own fatherland became a reality when the DPRK was founded as a socialist state.

The prospering socialist fatherland bringing dignity and high national pride to Korean citizens here, is a brilliant fruition of the ideas of *Juche*, the great revolutionary ideas of Marshal Kim Il Sung and a great success which has been visualized by his wise leadership.

By holding aloft the great ideas of *Juche* and wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, Koreans in Japan established CHONGRYUN, and under its direction they were able to devote themselves to the cause of defending the democratic national rights and the cause of promoting the independent unification of the fatherland.

Today, CHONGRYUN has under its wing 13 organizations such as the Korean Youth League in Japan, the Korean Democratic Women's Union in Japan, the Federation of Korean Merchants and Industrialists in Japan and the Union of Korean Teachers and School Clerks in Japan, 13 business enterprises and 28 banking institutions with deposits totalling more than 78 billion yen.

CHONGRYUN also set up a consistent system of democratic national education from primary school to university. Over 40,000 Korean students and pupils are studying to their hearts' content without any anxiety in 153 regular schools located in healthy environments and are being brought up as proud youths of the Republic who boundlessly revere Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, ardently love their fatherland and are being prepared intellectually, morally and physically.

CHONGRYUN is publishing 33 periodicals including the daily "Chosun Shinbo" in the Korean language, the weekly "Chosun Shibo" in the Japanese language and "The People's Korea" weekly in English, Spanish and French.

Thus, CHONGRYUN is provided with all the things necessary for its social activities thanks to the wise leadership of the great Leader.

Today, peoples of the world admire and praise the authority of CHONGRYUN and the basic changes in the political and moral dimensions of Koreans here.

When tourists from South Korea and foreign friends ask them where their energy comes from that has enabled CHONGRYUN to develop its patriotic work successfully, Koreans here unanimously reply as follows:

"It comes from the wise leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung."

With his wise leadership, Marshal Kim Il Sung has always led Koreans in Japan to victory and glory, extending deep solicitude to them.

The repatriation work of Koreans here to their glorious fatherland, the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, which is known as "an exodus from capitalism to socialism," was also realized under the warm care of the Leader. Thanks to the realization of the repatriation operation, over 88,600 Korean compatriots in Japan have been returned to their dear fatherland and are now leading a new life full of hope and happiness in the bosom of the fatherland.

Though returned compatriots are leading a happy life without any worry and enjoying their work, yet the great Leader always visits their families and work places and pays deep attention to them, asking them if they have any complaints.

The Leader has been sending to Korean citizens in Japan vast education aid funds and stipends since the difficult year of 1957 when the people were healing damage done during the Fatherland Liberation War and when the Five-Year Plan started. The total sum amounts to 7,967,229,793 yen in Japanese currency, including a sum of over 350,960,000 yen which has been recently sent on the 31st occasion.

"When I look back on the past, tears stand in my eyes. This is not only because we suffered very much in the past but also because of our happiness and joy in Japan under the warm care of the Leader."

So said Mr. Kim Dai Ok. He has eight sons and daughters, who are now attending Korean schools with education aid funds and stipends which the Leader has sent to Koreans here.

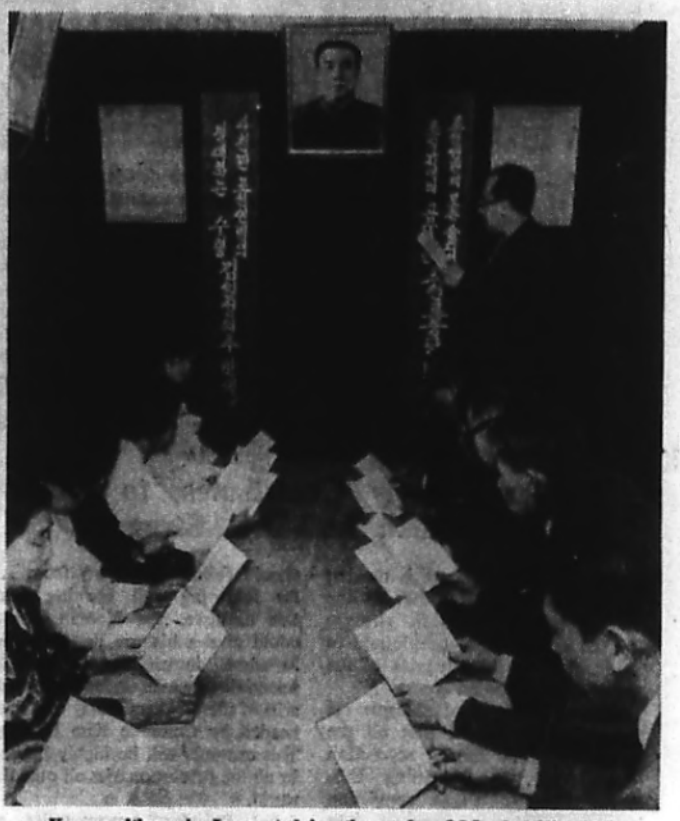
The fatherly Leader Marshal Kim Il Sung, conferred various kinds of honours including state decorations upon CHONGRYUN workers, patriotic traders and gave representatives of Korean citizens in all walks of life in Japan, including Chairman Han Duk Su of the Central Standing Committee of CHONGRYUN, the honour of being Deputies to the Supreme People's Assembly of the DPRK.

Besides, Marshal Kim Il Sung gave the high honour of being inheritors of the glorious revolutionary traditions of the Workers' Party of Korea to CHONGRYUN workers and Korean compatriots in Japan through a telegram of New Year greetings which he sent to Chairman Han Duk Su.

Today Koreans in Japan say unanimously, "Though human history is long and there are many countries in the world, we don't know such an excellent leader as Marshal Kim Il Sung who always extends heartfelt care even to compatriots abroad and leads them to victory."

"The Leader is not only changing the mountains and rivers of the fatherland but also bringing a new spring to Korean citizens abroad. The teachings of the Leader are the torch that illumines a brilliant new life.

I am resolved to carry out all the teachings of Marshal Kim Il Sung by all means."



Korean citizens in Japan studying the works of Marshal Kim Il Sung in order to arm themselves with the revolutionary ideas of the Leader

Korean children in Japan are happily growing under the fatherly love of the Leader.

These are the words said by a Korean woman in Japan who learned the Korean language at the age of over 60 and studied the "Selected Works of KIM IL SUNG" and the "Reminiscences of the Anti-Japanese Guerillas."

All the Koreans here are studying hard the works of Marshal Kim Il Sung and the "Reminiscences of the Anti-Japanese Guerillas" in order to thoroughly arm themselves with the great revolutionary ideas of Marshal Kim Il Sung.

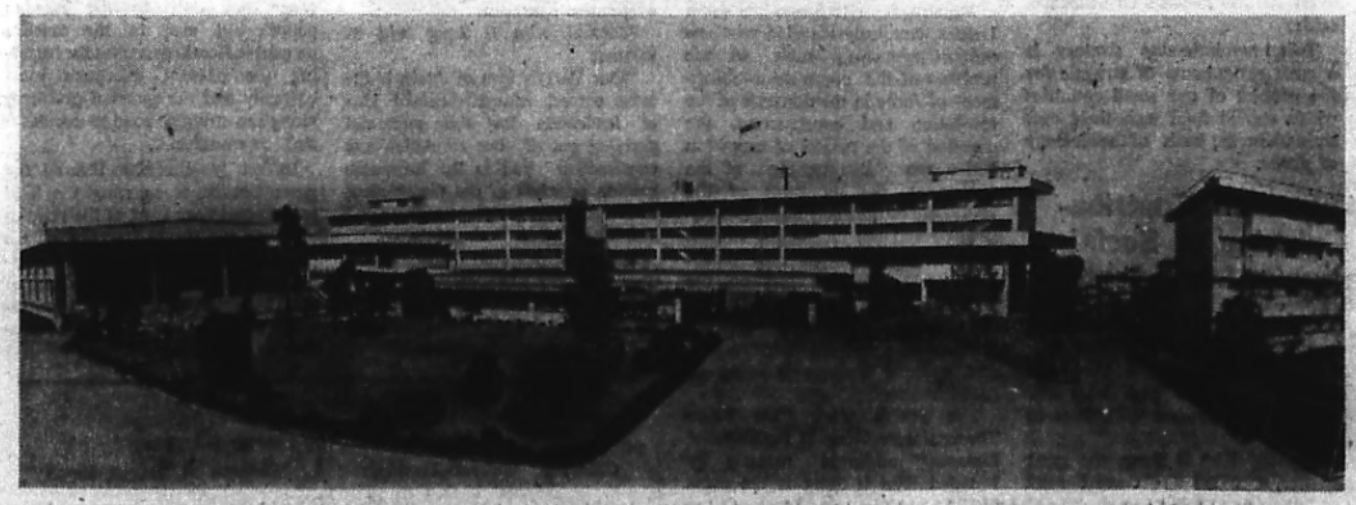
This is a manifestation of the burning fidelity of all Koreans here to the Leader.

Marshal Kim Il Sung said as follows:

"The 600,000 Korean compatriots in Japan, united firmly around the Workers' Party of Korea and the Government of the Republic and under the guidance of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan, are now fighting valiantly for their democratic national rights against the unwarranted national persecution and contempt by the Japanese authorities, and continue to wage a staunch struggle for the unification of their fatherland and the prosperity of the nation."

Korean citizens in Japan are filled with boundless respect and reverence for the respected and beloved Leader, and are burning with loyalty to him and their hearts are aflame with ardent love for their socialist fatherland.

In future, too, 600,000 Korean citizens in Japan will energetically fight for the independent unification of their fatherland and for the defense of the democratic national rights in Japan under the outstanding leadership of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist movement and working-class movement.



A general view of Korean University which was constructed thanks to kindred solicitude extended by Marshal Kim Il Sung

Marshal KIM IL SUNG Is Making Outstanding Contributions to Development of International Communist Movement and Working-Class Movement

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, known throughout the world as a wise leader since 1930's, is one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist movement and the working-class movement, and his political activities are exerting a great influence upon world history.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, while carrying out successfully the Korean revolution, has made a distinguished contribution to the development of the international communist movement and the world revolution.

Fidel Castro, Prime Minister of the Revolutionary Government of the Republic of Cuba, said as follows:

"Comrade Kim Il Sung is one of the most distinguished, outstanding and heroic socialist leaders in the present world. His history is one of the most beautiful histories a revolutionary serving the cause of socialism is able to write."

Works authored by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist movement and working-class movement, have been widely reproduced in various countries of the world.

Leader Greatly Contributes to Anti-Imperialist, Anti-U.S. Struggle

Marshal Kim Il Sung is making a tremendous contribution to the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle of the entire world people and to national liberation struggles of the peoples of colonies.

A new strategy of struggle set forth by the Leader that all the small countries making revolution should join in mutilating U.S. imperialism instills firm conviction in victory and encouragement into the peoples of many countries of Asia, Africa and Latin America today.

Marshal Kim Il Sung not only gives a powerful ideological and theoretical weapon to the exploited and oppressed peoples the world over in the struggle for freedom and liberation but immensely inspires them with his practical example in the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle.

The practical example and brilliant victory of the anti-Japanese armed struggle guided by Marshal Kim Il Sung are a paragon and example for the revolutionary people fighting for national liberation.

Therefore, the revolutionary people of the world say that the great exploits Marshal Kim Il Sung made in the period of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, holding aloft the banner of the anti-imperialist struggle, are "valuable exploits made for the anti-imperialist struggle and the world revolutionary movement," "a brilliant example the revolutionary people the world over should follow and learn from" and "a textbook of the anti-imperialist struggle everyone should study" and that "the world's people and revolutionaries should be proud of these exploits and have the duty to disseminate them."

And Marshal Kim Il Sung also guided the Fatherland Liberation War of the Korean people to great victory, thereby giving the revolutionary people of the whole world the conviction that they can surely win if they fight against U.S. imperialism.

Emilio Sarzi Amade, correspondent of the organ of the Italian Communist Party, said as follows:

The family which Marshal Kim Il Sung was born into become a great example of revolutionary family filled with revolutionary will and spirit. Herein lies an example the revolutionaries should follow and learn from.... By following and learning from this example, the Korean people could give a historic defeat to the Japanese imperialist and U.S. imperialist enemies under the leadership of the Workers' Party of Korea headed by Comrade Kim Il Sung. This example will be highly praised by all the revolutionaries all over the world.

Lal Bahadur, representative of the People's Progressive Party of Guiana in Havana, said:

"We people of Guiana look up to and revere Comrade Kim Il Sung, the outstanding Leader of the 40 million Korean people, as the most thorough and greatest Leader of the anti-imperialist struggle. We will surely carry out the revolution in our country by learning from his anti-imperialist revolutionary ideas."

Roberto Rodriguez, Venezuelan representative of the Executive Secretariat of the Organization of Peoples of Asia, Africa and Latin America, emphasized:

"The treatise **'Great Anti-Imperialist Revolutionary Cause of Asian, African and Latin American Peoples Is Invincible'** by Comrade Kim Il Sung is a manifesto appealing to all the anti-imperialist fighters of the three continents to rise up in a revolutionary struggle and is a programmatic document which our revolutionaries should take as a guiding compass in their revolutionary struggle."

Himberto Drassa, representative of the Angolan People's Liberation Movement in Algeria, said as follows:

"The strategy of Comrade Kim Il Sung that the peoples making revolution should join efforts to mutilate U.S. imperialism is the strategy of the peoples of small countries making revolution for defeating U.S. imperialism and burying imperialism and colonialism in the world."

Ewald Kadjibena, member of the Executive Committee of the South-West African People's Organization, said:

This revolutionary strategy is a great programme of struggle for the peoples of our small countries which should fight with their own strength on the basis of the ideology of *Juche*.

Leader Makes Distinguished Contribution to Unity and Cohesion of Socialist Camp, Int'l Communist Movement

Marshal Kim Il Sung is also making an exceptional contribution to the task of overcoming Right and "Left" opportunism and achieving the unity and solidarity of the socialist camp and the international communist movement.

Marshal Kim Il Sung deeply analysed in a Marxist-Leninist way the complex phenomena taking place within the international communist movement today and their essence and put forth the most correct principles and lines for bringing the present difficulties to an end.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, clarified the correct road to overcome Right and "Left" opportunism and restore the unity and solidarity of the international communist movement by putting forth the line of uniting while fighting and fighting while uniting.

Therefore, the communists and revolutionaries of all countries say that only the lines put forth by Marshal Kim Il Sung indicate the "most correct way of overcoming the present difficulties of the international communist movement" and is a "great banner for the unity and solidarity of the international communist movement and the socialist camp," regarding them as an "excellent guidebook" for their struggle and external activities.

Lauding the historic report made by Marshal Kim Il Sung at the Celebration of the 20th Anniversary of the Founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea as "a Mid-20th Century Communist Manifesto," **P.L. Lakhanpal, Chairman of All India Janatantra (Democratic) Party and Editor-in-Chief of "EVENING VIEW"** said as follows:

"With world imperialism engaged in conspiracies against the socialist camp, Comrade Kim Il Sung's line for socialist unity and united action against imperialism acquires added significance and importance." Continuously quoting the second part of this historic report, he emphasized: "These words below deserve inscription in letters of gold as the most correct line of strengthening the socialist camp."

Fernando Murillo Viana, General Secretary of the Chilean-Korean Institute of Culture and Friendship, said as follows about the line put forth by Marshal Kim Il Sung:

This is especially a programmatic compass now when the international situation is complex and the difference of opinion exists within the socialist camp.

If they neglects even a little the proletarian dictatorship and ideological revolution or weakens the class-struggle, they will fall into an extraordinarily dangerous state. Premier Kim Il Sung gave clear-cut answers to these questions.

Leader Makes Theoretical Contribution To Development of Marxism-Leninism, Socialist and Communist Construction

Marshal Kim Il Sung made a theoretical and scientific contribution to the further development of Marxism-Leninism and socialist and communist construction.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, creatively clarified new important problems, such as the problem of the complete establishment of *Juche* in the domains of the revolution and construction, the question of the period of transition and the dictatorship of the proletariat, the questions of the leadership of the Party and the class-struggle and the ideological revolution, the problem of final settlement of the agrarian question, the problem of the leading control of the socialist economy and the problem of economic construction and national defence building in parallel.

The genius work **"On Some Theoretical Problems of the Socialist Economy"** authored recently by Marshal Kim Il Sung is the great Marxist-Leninist document of the present times opening up a new stage in the development of Marxist-Leninist theories and of political economy, a powerful weapon for socialist and communist construction and a brilliant example of creative Marxism.

Marshal Kim Il Sung said as follows:

"Our Party's idea of *Juche* is the most correct Marxist-Leninist idea of leadership for the successful carrying out of our revolution and construction and is the invariable guiding principle of the Government of the Republic in all its policies and activities."

Today peoples the world over call the Democratic People's Republic of Korea the "fatherland of *Juche*."

Australian journalist-writer Wilfred Burchett, one of the most prominen journalists of our time whose activities the broad public of the world follow with interest, said as follows:

The way of *Juche* ideology put forth by Premier Kim Il Sung—this is the only correct way and the wisest way which everybody should maintain in the international communist movement and the anti-imperialist struggle....

Prince Norodom Phurissara, Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Kingdom of Cambodia, also said:

The line of self-reliance put forth by Premier Kim Il Sung is of great significance to the developing peoples all over the world who desire an independent economy.

Alphonse Massamba Debat, President and General Secretary of the National Revolutionary Movement Party, of the Congo (B), emphasized:

The experience of the Korean people in socialist construction accumulated under the outstanding leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, is the most brilliant example achieved in the 20th century....

Particularly, **U Aung Lwin, Chairman of the Burma-Korea Friendship Association,** said as follows about **"The Theses on the Socialist Agrarian Question in Our Country":**

The theses by Premier Kim Il Sung, a programmatic document which is of great significance not only to the Korean people but also to the world's peoples indicates measures for resolving the peasant questions most correctly and the agrarian problems along the straight road to socialism and coramunism....

In fact, Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, is enjoying the high respect and deep trust of the peoples all over the world because of his great contribution to the development of Marxism-Leninism and of the international communist movement and the international revolutionary movement.

The People's Korea

Published every Wednesday by Chosun Shinbosa
Office: 5 Tsukudo Hachiman-cho, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo, Japan
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